

# SAMBA

in the Age of Microsoft  
Glasnost



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Founder and CTO

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# Introductions



# Introducing: Me

## Your Friendly Neighborhood CIFS Geek

- ▶ Samba Team member (since 1998-ish)
- ▶ jCIFS Project co-founder
- ▶ CIFS Author (shameless plug )
- ▶ Network Storage Geek
- ▶ Incurable Idealist
- ▶ Etc., etc., ad nauseum



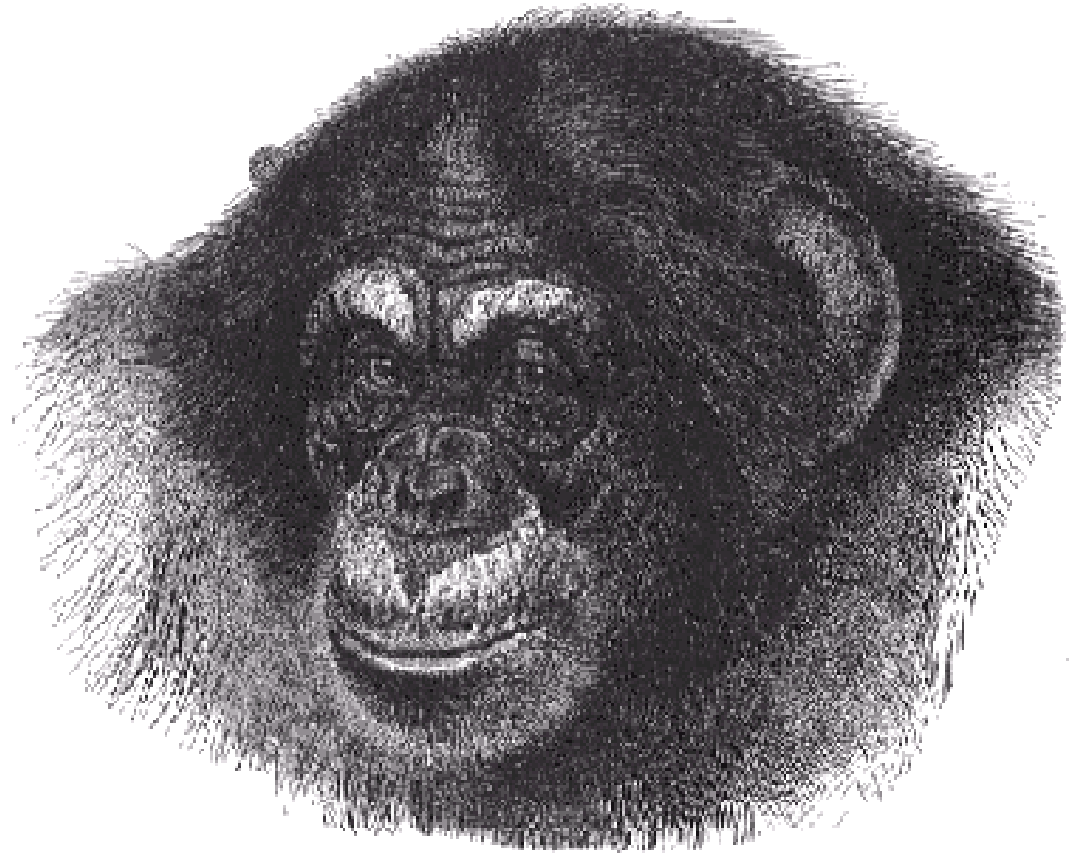
A ruminant mammal (Geekus geekus) with long legs, humped shoulders, and broadly palmated antlers.



# Introducing: You

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Code Monkeys!



This is Code Camp, after all.





# Introducing: The Samba Team



Members of the Samba Team gather at the 10<sup>th</sup> annual **Samba eXPerience conference** in Göttingen, Germany.



# Introducing: SMB/CIFS/SMB2

## **SMB = Server Message Block protocol**

A stateful network file system protocol originally created by IBM in the early 1980s for use with the PC-DOS operating system.

## **CIFS = Common Internet File System**

A “marketing upgrade” to SMB. This new name for SMB was coined in the mid 1990's. The term “CIFS” is now often used as a name for the complete suite of protocols that include and provide support for SMB. Often written “SMB/CIFS”.

## **SMB2 = Server Message Block protocol version 2**

A complete rewrite of the SMB protocol, introduced with Windows Vista. SMB2 reduces the top-level command set from 75 commands to 19.





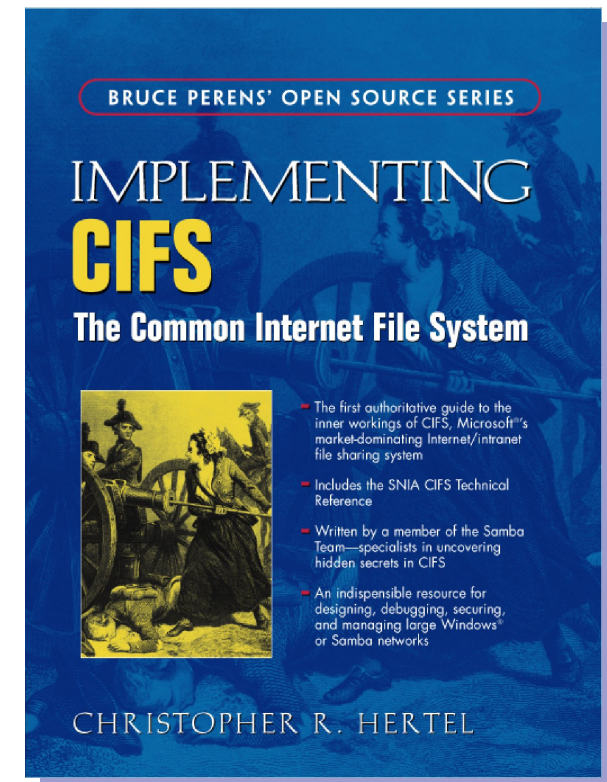
# Introducing: More About Me

*JCIFS*

Java SMB/CIFS  
Client Toolkit

Some Trouble I've Caused...

- The very best developer's guide to SMB/CIFS.
- The very worst developer's guide to SMB/CIFS.
- The very *only* developer's guide to SMB/CIFS.





# Me Me Me

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Open Source Credentials Notwithstanding...

*Microsoft* asked a member of the  
*Samba Team* to document SMB/CIFS!





# Introducing: The Docs

Thus, ~~SMB~~/CIFS is covered in two documents:

## [MS-CIFS]

- ✿ Provides the base specification of the “NT LM 0.12” dialect.
- ✿ A “snapshot in time”.
- ✿ Most of this stuff is still there in current Windows versions. Really.



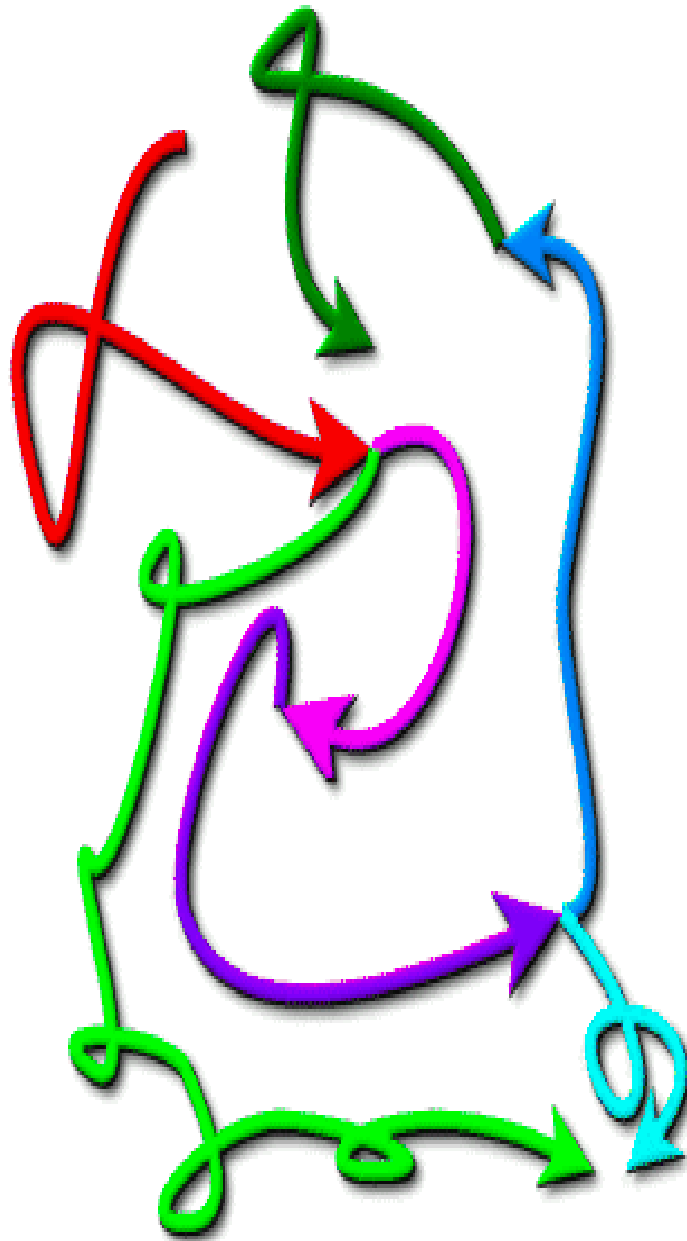
## [MS-SMB]

- ✿ “Extends” [MS-CIFS].
- ✿ Documents changes made to SMB starting in W2K.
- ✿ Still the same “NT LM 0.12” dialect.

Note: The naming is backwards!



# Where are we going?




- SMB/CIFS is Dead
  - Long live SMB2?
- The Entourage
  - 400 documents, give or take
- BITS Upload Protocol
  - An easy start
- PeerDist Protocol
  - Three-part harmony
- SMB2.2
  - The future's so bright, I gotta wear shades



# CLFS is Dead



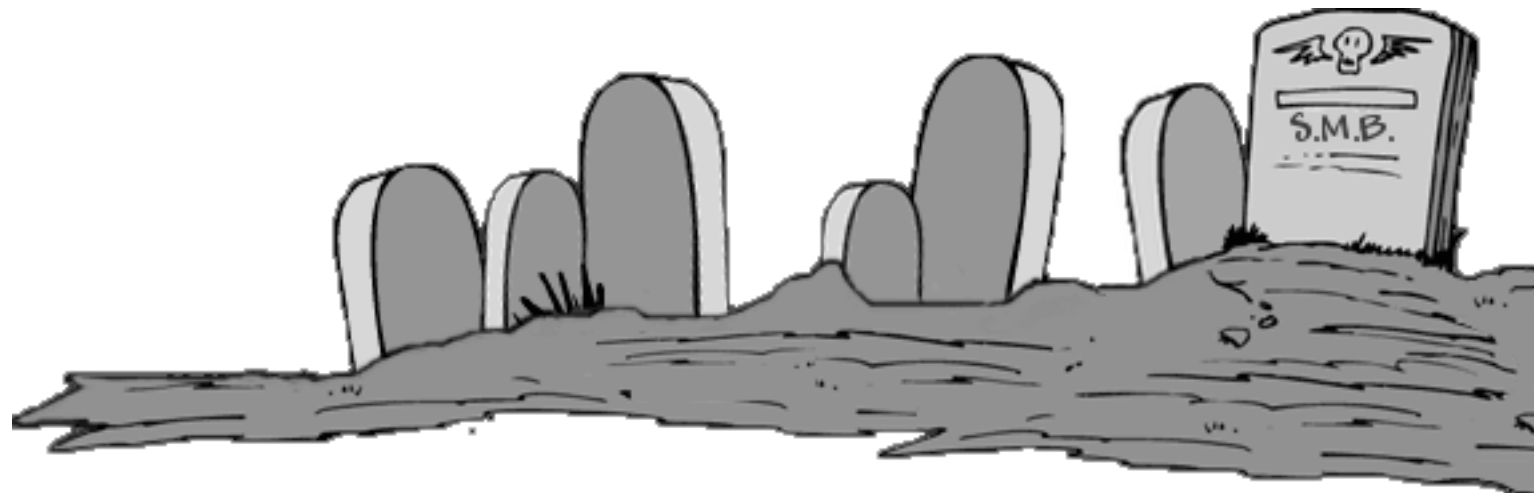





# *CIFS is Dead*

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- The current dialect is “NT LM 0.12”.  
It was introduced with Windows NT.



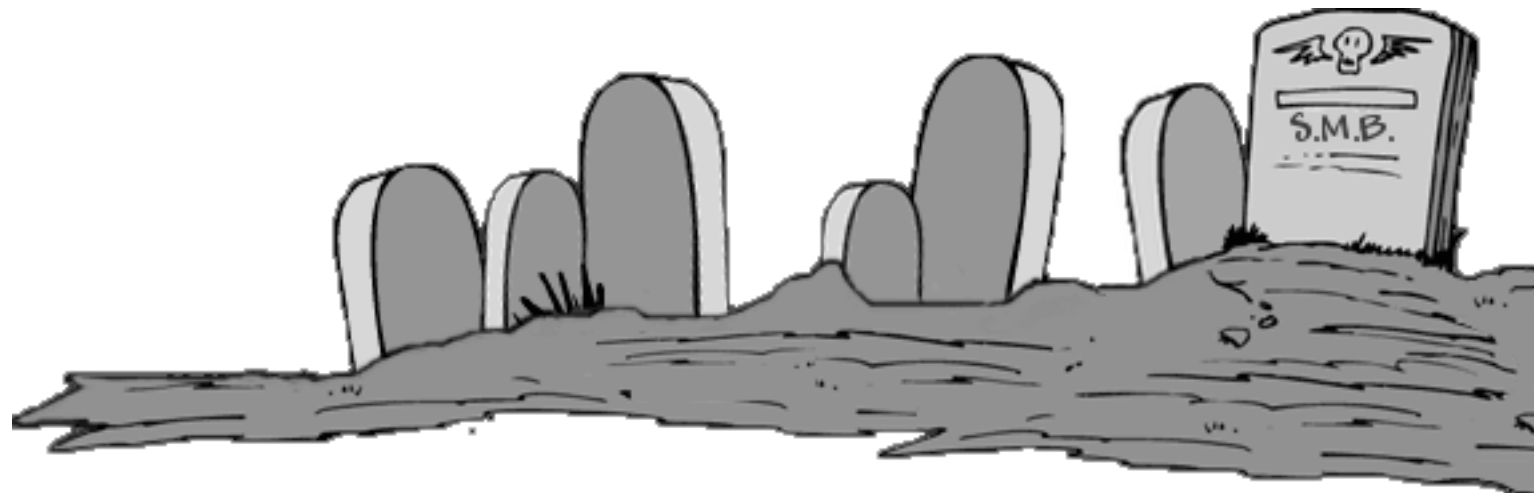





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- ☙ The current dialect is “NT LM 0.12”.  
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- ☙ New dialects of SMB/CIFS are unlikely.

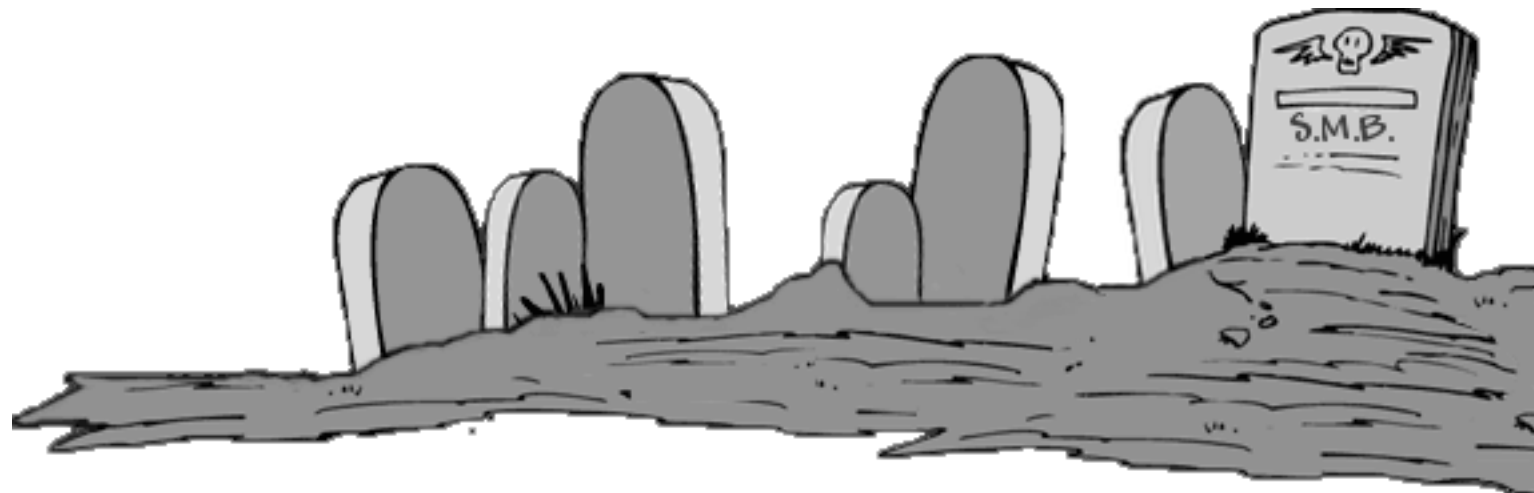




# CIFS is Dead

---

- ☙ The current dialect is “NT LM 0.12”.  
It was introduced with Windows NT.
- ☙ New dialects of SMB/CIFS are unlikely.
- ☙ Microsoft is focused on SMB2.

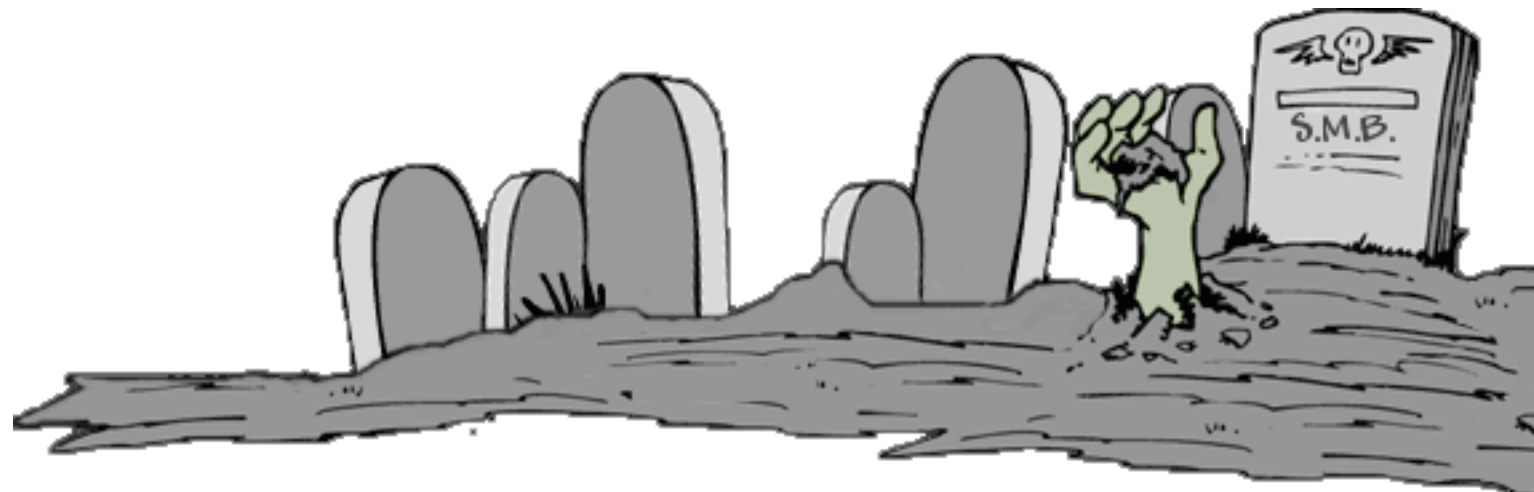




# CIFS is Undead

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- ✱ SMB/CIFS is still the most widely used network file system on the planet, by a wide margin.
- ✱ Supported in all versions of MS-Windows.
- ✱ Supported by 3rd-party NAS Vendors.



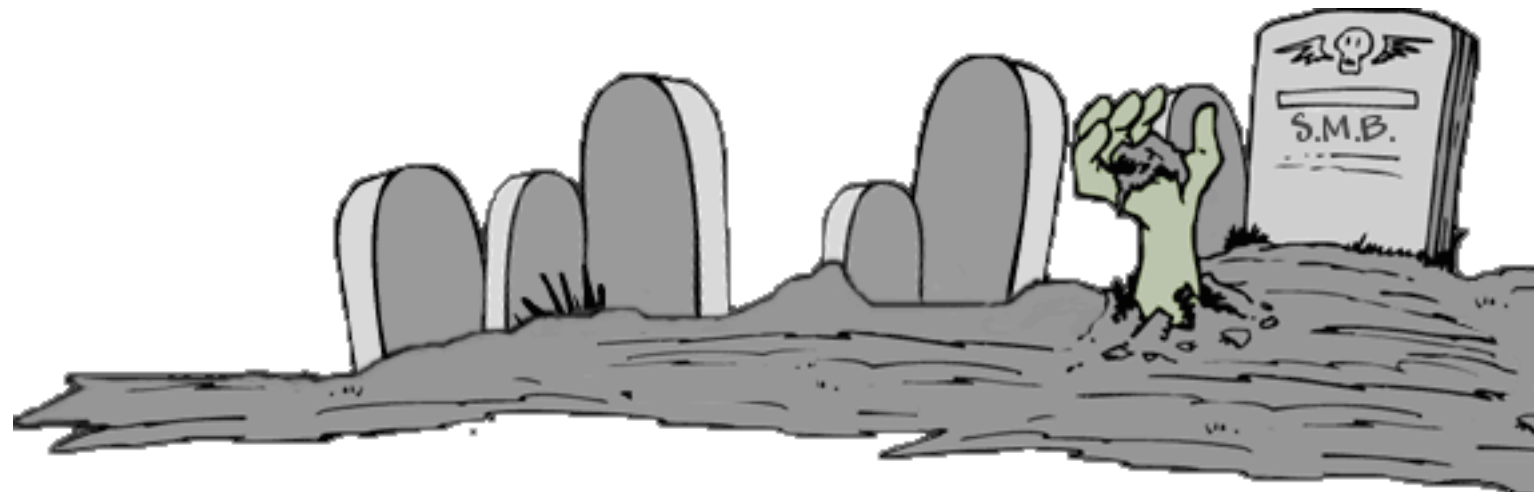


# CIFS is Undead

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SMB/CIFS code examples:

- ☼ Samba, of course
- ☼ jCIFS – Smaller, simpler, client-only
- ☼ Sample code in [Implementing CIFS](#)
- ☼ See also: <http://www.ubiqx.org/libcifs/>





CLFS is Undead and Living at:



**CLFS.ORG**



# The Docs



# The Docs

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Go here:

<http://www.microsoft.com/openspecifications/>

Over 400 documents have been published, covering:



Authentication



Windows Internals



File Formats



Client-Server Protocols



Server-Server Protocols



Overview docs provide starting points for understanding groups of docs.





# The Docs

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“We should implement them all.”

- ✦ There is an opportunity here to leverage both the technology and the installed base.
- ✦ The documentation includes previews of SMB2.2, and other features of Windows 8.
- ✦ This will feed the software engineering ecosystem for years.







# The Docs

## Protocol Freedom Information Foundation

[Home](#)[News](#)[Agreement](#)

The Protocol Freedom Information Foundation (PFIF) is a Delaware corporation dedicated to facilitating the exchange of information related to Free and Open Source Software.

PFIF has an [agreement](#) in place with Microsoft Corporation enabling it to access documentation relating to Microsoft's protocols. If you are interested in participating in PFIF's activities, please email us at [info@protocolfreedom.org](mailto:info@protocolfreedom.org).



The PFIF provides subcontractors with access to Microsoft documentation under the terms of the Work Group Server Protocol Program (WSPP).



See the [PFIF website](#) for more information.



See also the “[Open Specification Promise](#)”.

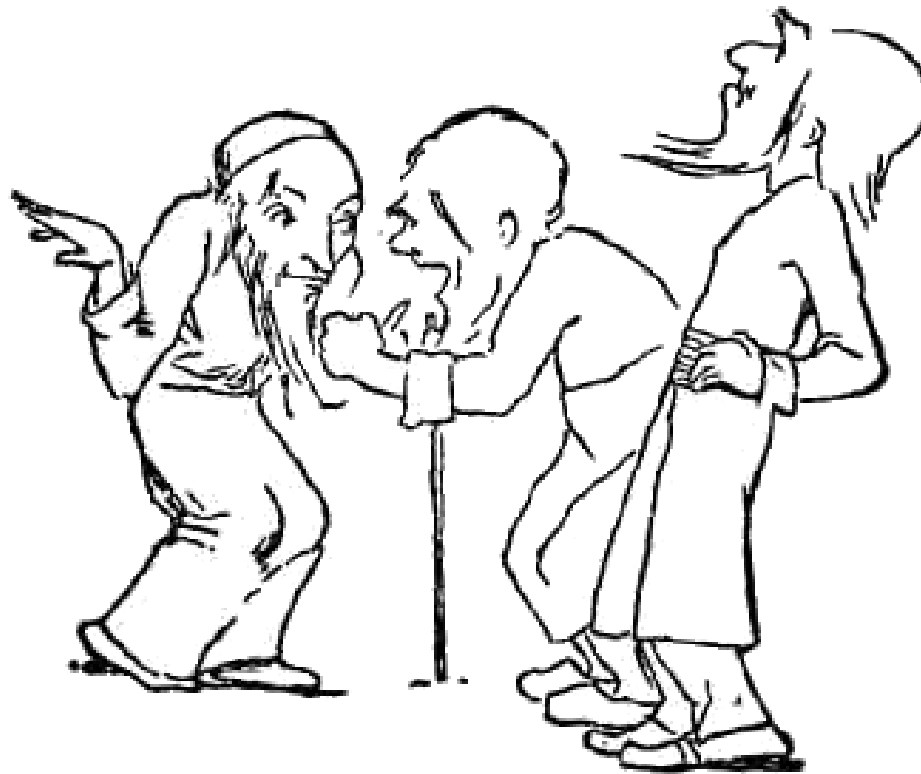


# The Docs

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Okay...

...so what can you *do* with all of this?





# BITS

01000010 01100001  
01100011 01101011  
01100111 01110010  
01101111 01110101  
01101110 01100100  
00100000 01001001  
01101110 01110100  
01100101 01101100  
01101100 01101001  
01100111 01100101  
01101110 01110100



# **BITS:** Background “Intelligent” Transfer Service

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“BITS is Earth’s most widely used file transfer service, with more than 600 million unique users across the planet.”

– Vipul Bansal, Microsoft WMI Blog, Jan 2009.



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Note Well:



# **BITS:** Background “Intelligent” Transfer Service

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“BITS is Earth’s most widely used file transfer service, with more than 600 million unique users across the planet.”

– Vipul Bansal, Microsoft WMI Blog, Jan 2009.

Note Well: *nobody cares.*





# **BITS:** Background “Intelligent” Transfer Service

“BITS is Earth’s most widely used file transfer service, with more than 600 million unique users across the planet.”

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What does that mean anyway?



It does not say “protocol”,  
it says “file transfer service”.



BITS is the Windows *system service* used  
by Windows Update to download patches.



Most users don't even know it's there.







# BITS: Background “Intelligent” Transfer Service

## BITS Features



Built into Windows



Restartable Transfers



...but only linearly;  
does not “patch”.



Both Download and Upload



...and “Upload Reply”.



Job priority levels



Senses network traffic to manage impact







# BITS: Background “Intelligent” Transfer Service

## BITS Download Jobs

- ✧ The overwhelming majority of BITS jobs are probably Windows Update downloads.
- ✧ BITS Downloads use HTTP/HTTPS.
- ✧ Sort of like uucp?  
`wget + batch + nice + diffserv?`

The “special sauce” is the use of network traffic monitoring to limit BITS data transfer rates.





# BITS: Background “Intelligent” Transfer Service

## BITS *Upload* Jobs

- Much less common.
- Proprietary extensions to HTTP/HTTPS.
- Only between Windows BITS clients and Windows HTTP[S] servers.





# BITS: Background “Intelligent” Transfer Service

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## BITS *Upload* Jobs

- Much less common.
- Proprietary extensions to HTTP/HTTPS.
- Only between Windows BITS clients and Windows HTTP[S] servers – Until now!





# **BITS:** Background “Intelligent” Transfer Service

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STiB means:

- ✱ **S**low **T**ransfer in **B**ackground?
- ✱ **S**illy **T**echnology is **B**oring?
- ✱ **S**ipping **T**ea in **B**elgium?
- ✱ BITS spelled sdrawkcab with a small ‘i’?

STiB: It Is what It Is.

- 🍵 ...a toolkit for testing BITS Uploads.
- 🍵 ...example code for others to read / use.

A CGI script could be written to  
accept BITS Uploads.



# **BITS:** Background “Intelligent” Transfer Service

---

## **BITS Upload Extensions:**

 HTTP Extension Method: BITS\_POST

 BITS Packet Types



Ping



Create-Session



Fragment



Cancel-Session



Close-Session



Ack

## **BITS Documentation:**



MSDN: [BITS Upload Protocol](#)



WSPP: [\[MC-BUP\]](#)









# **BITS:** Background “Intelligent” Transfer Service

## **BITS Upload Extensions:**

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-  Ping
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## **BITS Documentation:**

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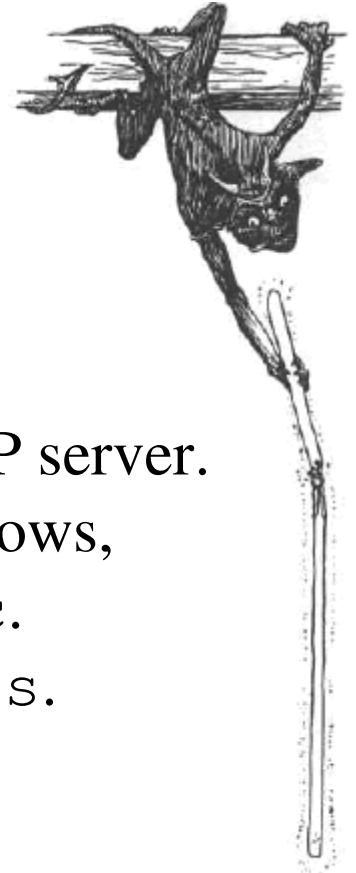


# BITS: Background “Intelligent” Transfer Service

## Do we care?

YAWP (Yet Another Windows Protocol)

- 🔑 BITS Upload is supported in IIS,
  - ✦ and in Microsoft's “lightweight” HTTP server.
- 🔑 It's convenient when working with Windows,
  - ✦ Not nearly as powerful as, eg., `rsync`.
  - ✦ Not as secure as `sftp`, `scp`, or `sshfs`.







# BITS: Background “Intelligent” Transfer Service

## Do we care?

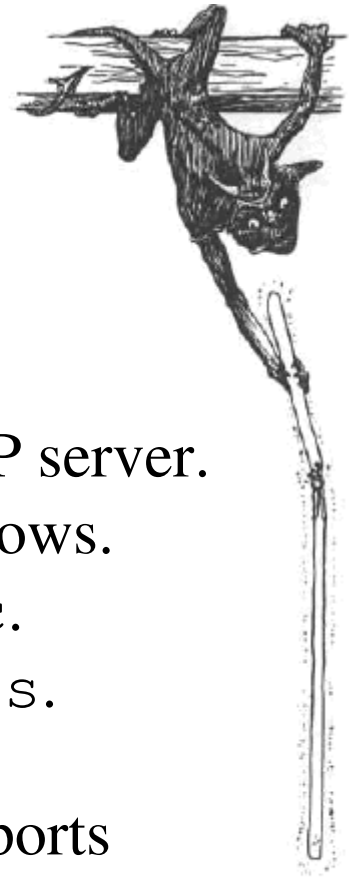
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MS-BITS, however, also supports BranchCache™, which suggests some very useful testing scenarios.

- 🐱 GET support added to STiB,
- 🐱 PeerDist included in the header,
- 🐱 It works!







# BITS: Background “Intelligent” Transfer Service







STiB

<http://www.ubiqx.org/proj/STiB/>

STiB is at version 0.2

It contains **stibtest**, which can:

-  Send files using MS-BUP protocol,
-  Get files using HTTP1.1,
-  Get a subrange of a requested file,
-  Specify “peerdist” encoding when requesting all or part of a file.

Please download and test it.  
Send patches.





# BITS: Background “Intelligent” Transfer Service

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STiB

<http://www.ubiqx.org/proj/STiB/>

“Someone” should write an Apache Module that to handle BITS Upload Protocol.





# $\Psi$ requel



# *Pay Attention!*



*This is where it gets interesting.*



# *Prequel*

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What the heck is *Prequel*?





# *Prequel*

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*Prequel*: A project to build an  
Open Source Implementation  
of Microsoft's BranchCache™.

So what the heck is BranchCache™?







# *Prequel*

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*Prequel*: A project to build an  
Open Source Implementation  
of Microsoft's BranchCache™.

BranchCache™ is a  
distributed content caching system

- ▶ supported in W2K8r2 servers,
- ▶ and Windows7 clients.

Cheap, effective WAN  
acceleration for SMB2,  
HTTP, and BITS.



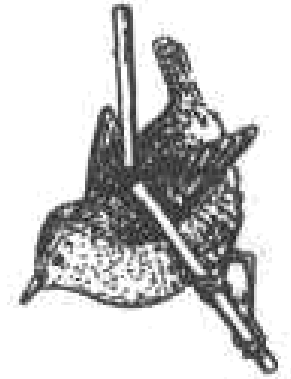


# Prequel

---

## BranchCache Architecture

A quick overview



### Content Servers



Have content to share with multiple clients.

### Clients (peers)



Request & receive content from content servers.

### The Cache



A copy of the original content, divided into segments and blocks, accessed via hash tags.



# Prequel

## Content Servers:



Web Servers (HTTP, BITS)



File Servers (SMB2.1)



The client must know to ask for *content tags* instead of actual content.



If the tags are already calculated, they are returned by the BranchCache™-enabled server.



Otherwise the content is returned, and the server (W2K8r2) calculates the tags for next time.

BranchCache-WinThird-Web.cap - Wireshark

File Edit View Go Capture Analyze Statistics Help

Filter:  + Expression... Clear Apply

No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Info
5	0.101767	192.168.102.219	10.9.8.82	TCP	49206 > http [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=65568 Len=0
6	0.140810	192.168.102.219	10.9.8.82	HTTP	GET /uploads/fawn.pdf HTTP/1.1
7	0.342464	10.9.8.82	192.168.102.219	TCP	http > 49206 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=439 Win=65536 Len=0
8	1.532611	10.9.8.82	192.168.102.219	HTTP	HTTP/1.1 200 OK
9	1.651016	10.9.8.82	192.168.102.219	HTTP	[TCP Retransmission] HTTP/1.1 200 OK

Internet Protocol, Src: 192.168.102.219 (192.168.102.219), Dst: 10.9.8.82 (10.9.8.82)

Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 49206 (49206), Dst Port: http (80), Seq: 1, Ack: 1, Len: 438

Hypertext Transfer Protocol

GET /uploads/fawn.pdf HTTP/1.1\r\n

Accept: image/jpeg, application/x-ms-application, image/gif, application/xaml+xml, image/pjpeg, application/x-ms-xbap, Accept-Language: en-US\r\n

User-Agent: Mozilla/4.0 (compatible; MSIE 8.0; Windows NT 6.1; Trident/4.0; SLCC2; .NET CLR 2.0.50727; .NET CLR 3.5.30729; .NET CLR 3.0.30729) ..Accept

Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate, peerdist\r\n

Host: 10.9.8.82\r\n

Connection: Keep-Alive\r\n

0170 30 2e 33 30 37 32 39 29 0d 0a 41 63 63 65 70 74 0.30729) ..Accept

0180 2d 45 6e 63 6f 64 69 6e 67 3a 20 67 7a 69 70 2c -Encodin g: gzip,

0190 20 64 65 66 6c 61 74 65 2c 20 70 65 65 72 64 69 deflate , peerdi

01a0 73 74 0d 0a 48 6f 73 74 3a 20 31 30 2e 39 2e 38 st..Host : 10.9.8

HTTP Accept Encoding (http.accept\_encod... Packets: 876 Displayed: 876 Marked: 0 Profile: Default

Applications Places System Mon May 9, 5:54 PM Christopher R. Hertel

This is IE 8 indicating support for BranchCache™ by listing “peerdist” as an acceptable encoding.

Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate, **peerdist**\r\n



# *Prequel*

---

## Client-side PeerDist Caching

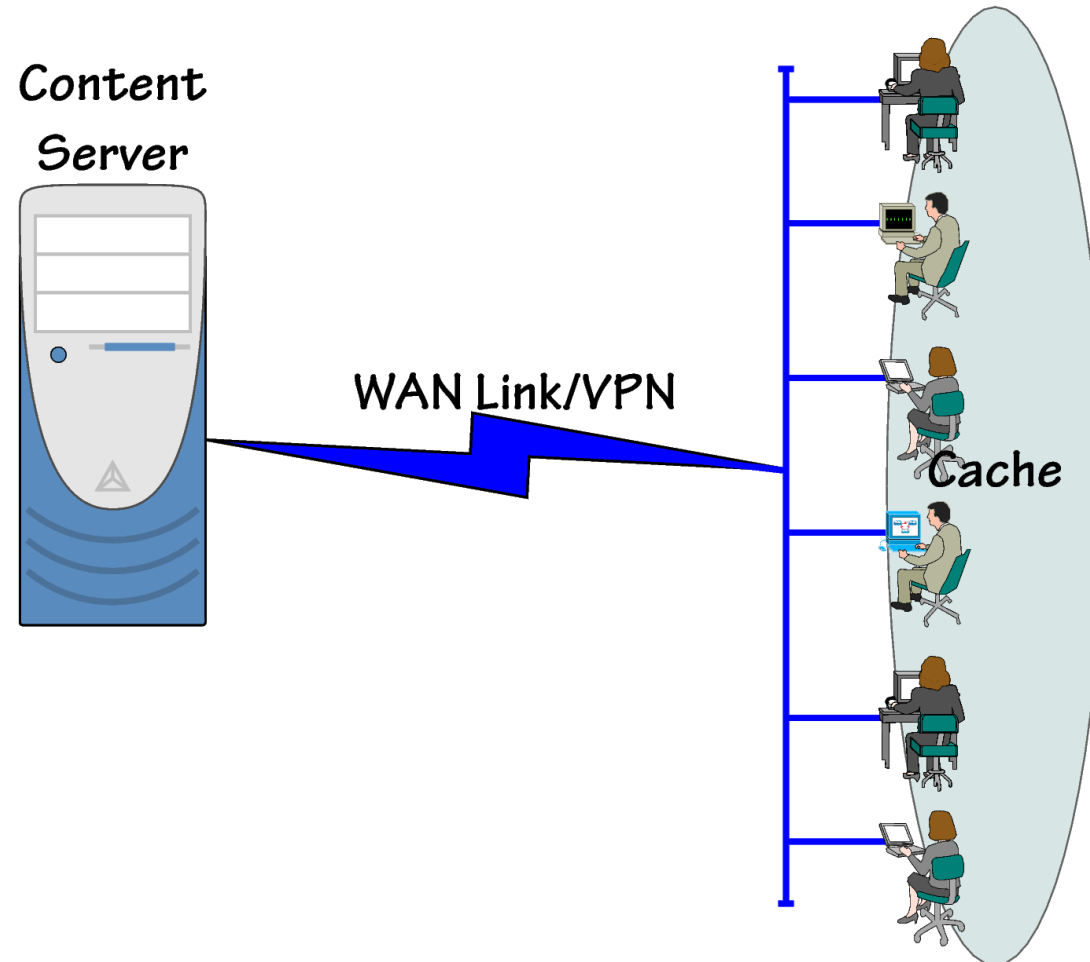
There are two modes of operation:

- 🍎 Distributed Mode
- 🍎 Hosted Mode



# Prequel

## Distributed Mode







# Prequel

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## Distributed Mode

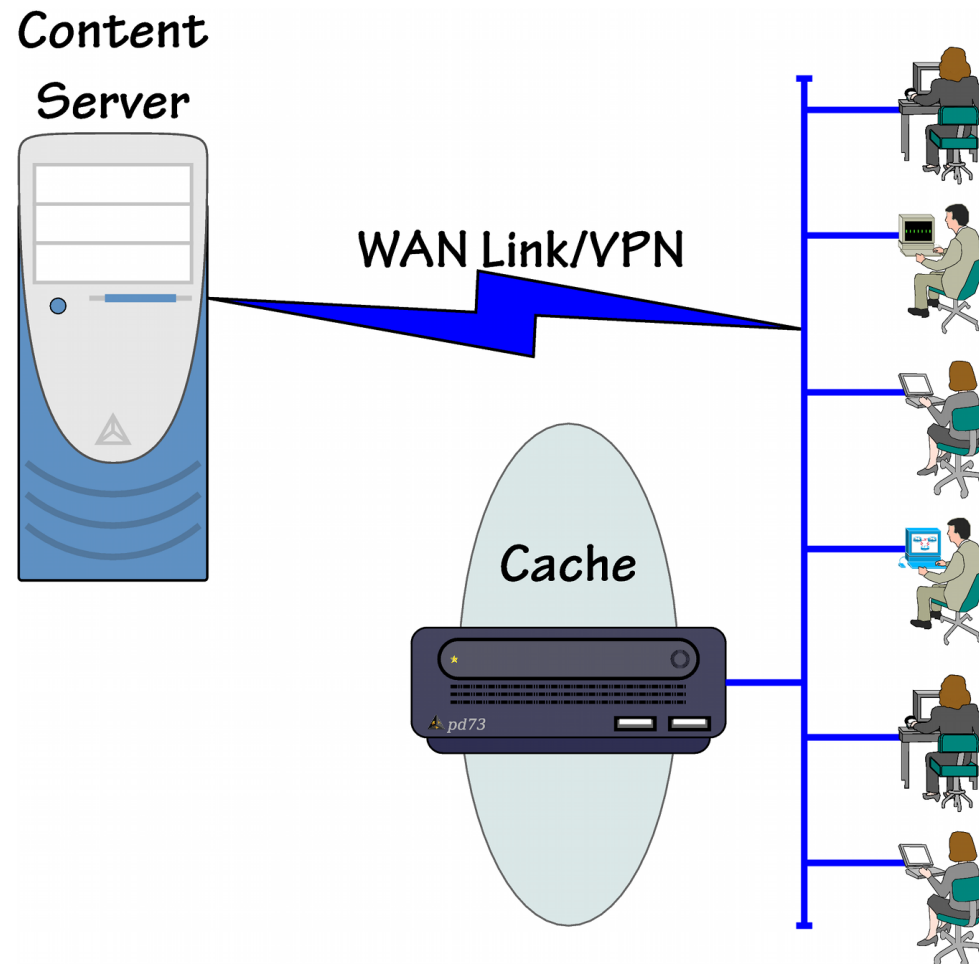
- ✈ Each client keeps a local cache.
- ✈ A client requests PeerDist tags from the server, then broadcasts to find the cached content.
- ✈ If the content is not cached,
  - The client requests the content from the content server,
  - The client stores both content and tags in its own cache.



Reminiscent of the CIFS Browse Service.

# Prequel

## Hosted Mode





# Prequel

---

## Hosted Mode



A client request tags from the content server



The client then asks the local cache server for the content



If the content is not cached, the client requests content from the content server



The client sends both content and tags to the cache server



Content can now be retrieved from the cache server using only tags



# Prequel

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## Content Tags

### Blocks

- Are a unit of download  
(from either the content server or cache server)
- Are 64K  
(or less, for the last block in a file only)



The block tag is an  $\text{SHA}\left\{\begin{smallmatrix} 256 \\ 384 \\ 512 \end{smallmatrix}\right\}$  hash of the block.

### Segments

- Are a unit of discovery
- One segment is  $32\text{M} == 512$  blocks  
(or less, if the last block is short)

Segments are identified by a hash of the block hashes.



# Prequel

---



<http://www.ubiqx.org/proj/Prequel/>

Prequel does not have a release number yet.

pq\_cgi – CGI program to generate  
PeerDist Content Information.

✴ Tested with Apache.

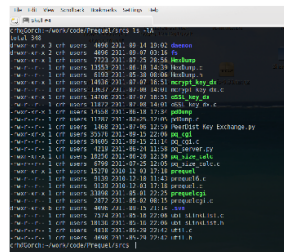
pdDump – Pretty-print Content Information.

\*\_key\_dx – Extract W2K8r2 Server  
Passphrase and Server Secret

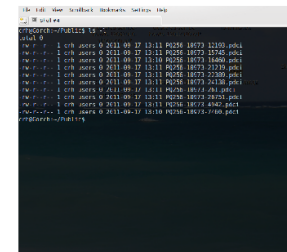




# SAMBA



## Source Files



## Cache Files





# SMB2.2



# SMB2.2

The Future's So Bright, I Gotta Wear Shades

# SMB2.2

## SMB2.2 is a Game-Changer

- ✈ Multipath
- ✈ Cluster capabilities
- ✈ Distributed caching
- ✈ SMB over RDMA







SMB2.2 is aimed at supporting Application Servers in Enterprise Datacenters.

It presents a strong challenge to NFSv4.x.

# SMB2.2

## Stocking the SMB/CIFS Pond



-  The SMB/CIFS/SMB2 Talent Pool is very shallow.
-  The SMB/CIFS/SMB2-talented are big fish.
-  The number of organizations in the SNIA CIFS Plugfest has grown from 14 to 27 in 4 years.
-  SMB2.2 is likely to generate a lot of work.

# SMB2.2



## Whither Samba?

- ➔ Now that Microsoft is sharing, do we need the Rebel Alliance?
- ➔ When will we see Samba 4?
- ➔ What have the Samba Team been doing for the past few years?

- Directory Services
- CTDB Clustering

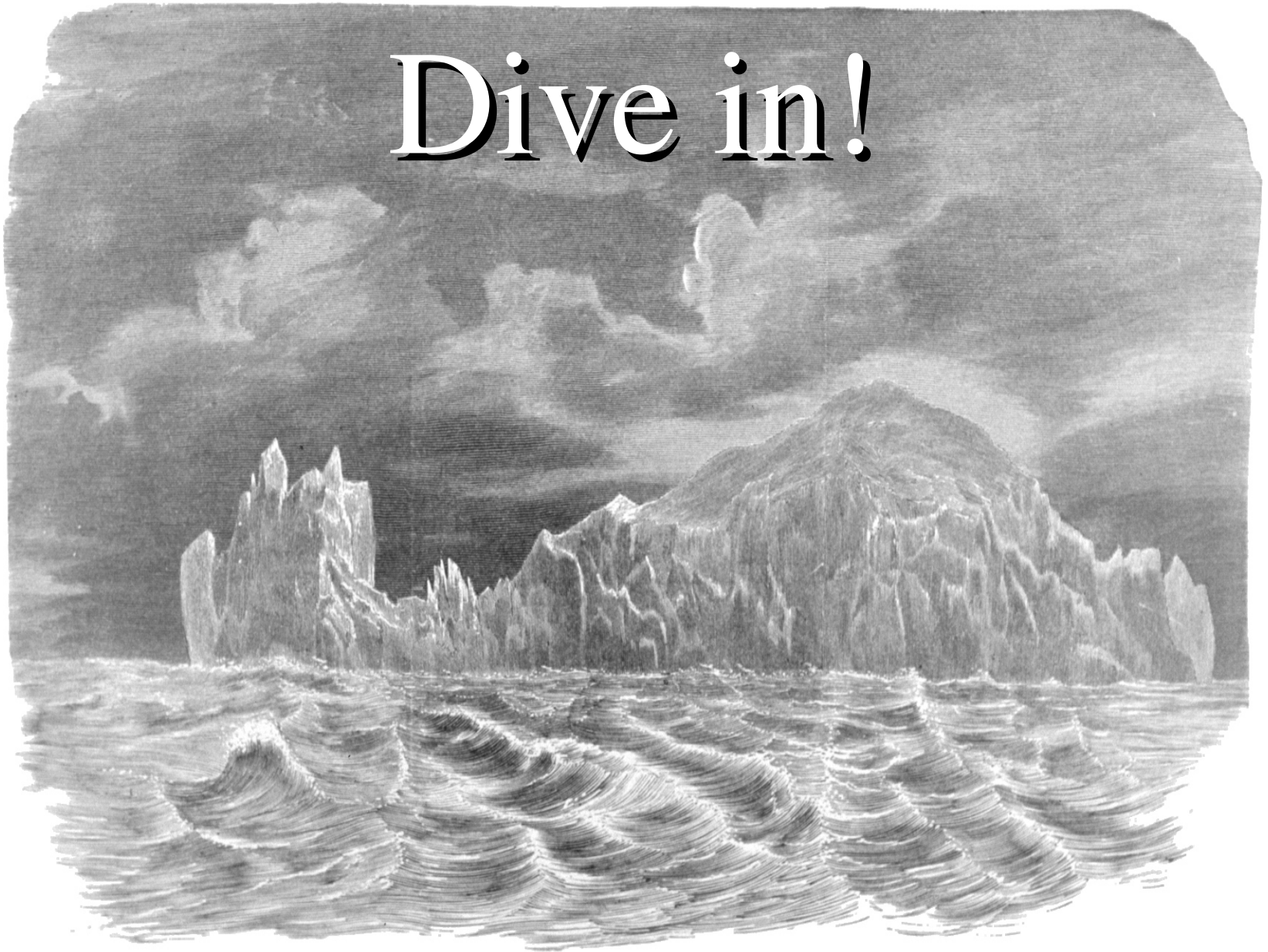
- Python Bindings
- Restructure the Code





# SMB2.2

Dive in!







# The End

