



# A Place For Your Stuff

Christopher R. Hertel





# Introduction

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## Who am I?

- ✦ Open Source Geek
- ✦ Network Geek
- ✦ Storage Geek
- ✦ Author (shameless plug)
- ✦ Incurable Idealist

Storage Geek  
+ Network Geek  

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Storage Network Geek



A ruminant mammal (Geekus geekus) with long legs, humped shoulders, and broadly palmated antlers.

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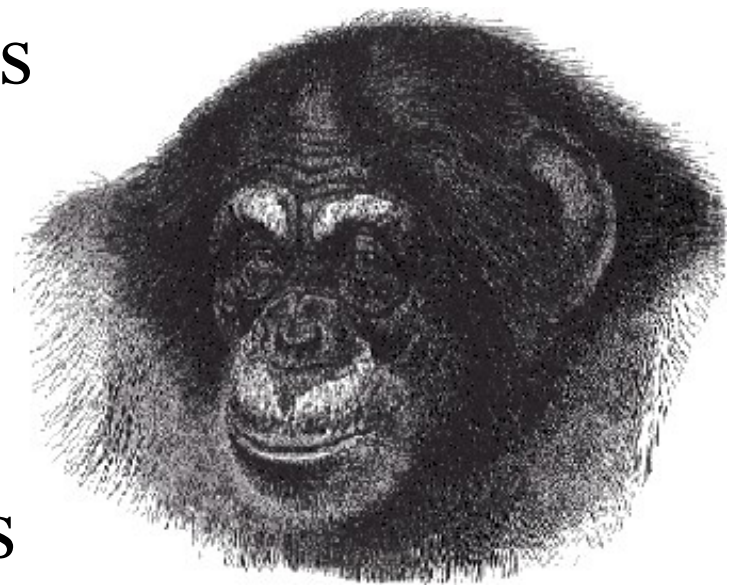


# Introduction

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## Who are You?

- Students
- System Administrators
- Network Managers
- Security Geeks
- Coders
- Hackers (per RFC 1392)
- The Morbidly Curious





# Introduction

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## What Will We Cover?

NAS == Network Attached Storage

Which includes stuff like:

- CIFS
- NFS
- Etc.

SAN == Storage Area Networks

Which includes stuff like:

- FibreChannel
- iSCSI







# Network Attached Storage



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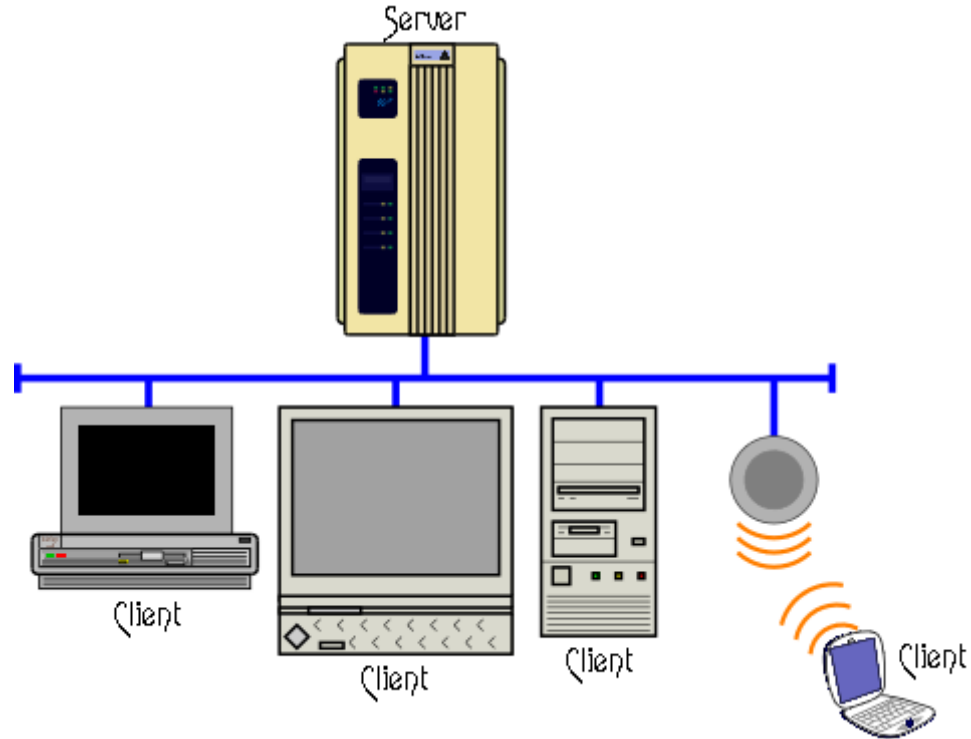
## Familiar NAS Systems:

- ▶ IBM & Microsoft's SMB/CIFS  Popular!
- ▶ Novell's Netware  Fading...
- ▶ Apple's Appleshare  Fading...
- ▶ Sun's NFS  Improved!
- ▶ IETF WebDAV  New!



Local file systems on the server are shared with multiple hosts across a LAN or inter-network.

# NAS



## Typical client/server NAS

- ★ Large server with local disk
- ★ Multiple clients
- ★ Shared access to files & directories



# NAS Concerns:

- 🐱 Authentication, Authorization, & Access Management
- 🐱 File Locking & Sharing
- 🐱 Meta-data Semantics



DOS FAT	MacOS	Windows NTFS	Linux/Unix
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• System, Hidden, and Archive bits</li><li>• No UID/GID</li><li>• 8.3 Format</li><li>• EOLN: &lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Data and Resource Forks</li><li>• EOLN: &lt;CR&gt;</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Extended Attributes</li><li>• File Streams</li><li>• NT ACLs</li><li>• EOLN: &lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• User, Group, World permission bits</li><li>• UID/GID</li><li>• POSIX ACLs</li><li>• EOLN: &lt;LF&gt;</li></ul>

NAS file systems are "vendor biased".



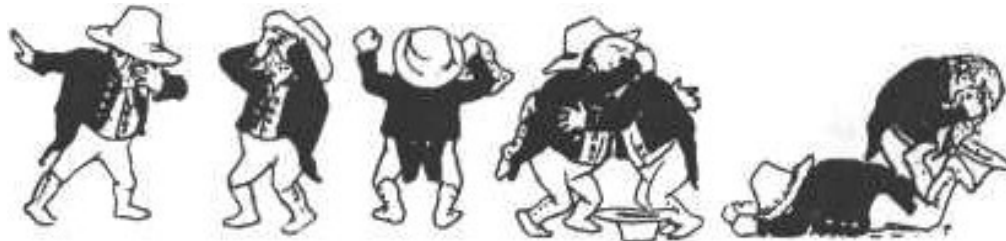
## Case In Point: CIFS vs. NFS

🌶️ For a geek, NFS is easy:

- 🔌 Traditionally server-to-server
- 🔌 Traditionally geek-to-geek
- 🔌 Simple authentication model

🌶️ For a user, CIFS is easy:

- ♣️ Traditionally user-to-server or peer-to-peer
- ♣️ Non-technical user community
- ♣️ Specifications and protocol details are hidden



# WebDAV

- 💡 An extension of HTTP
- 💡 Makes the web “read/write”
- 💡 Adds only seven new commands
- 💡 Messages passed in XML format

The use of XML allows great flexibility ... and complexity.



“...as simple as possible, but no simpler.”



# Storage Area Networks



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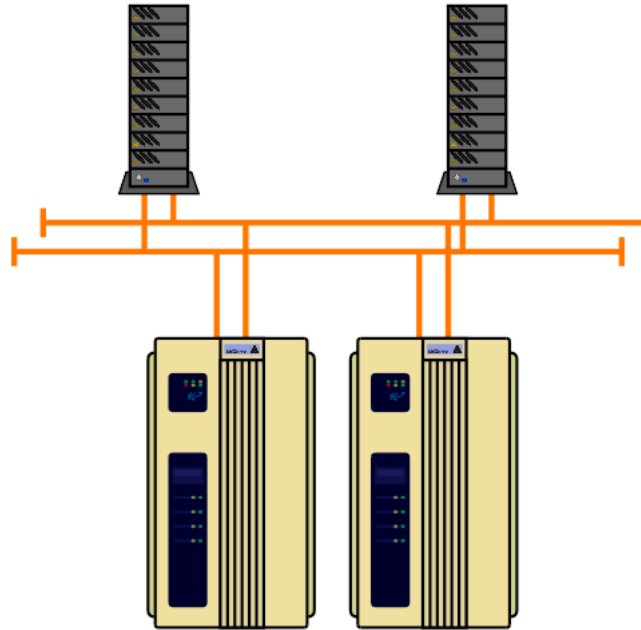
# SAN

## SAN Overview



- Precursor: Direct Attached Disk Arrays
- 📀 Redundant Array of Inexpensive Disk
  - 📀 Expandable
  - 📀 “Virtualizable” (is that a word?)

# SAN



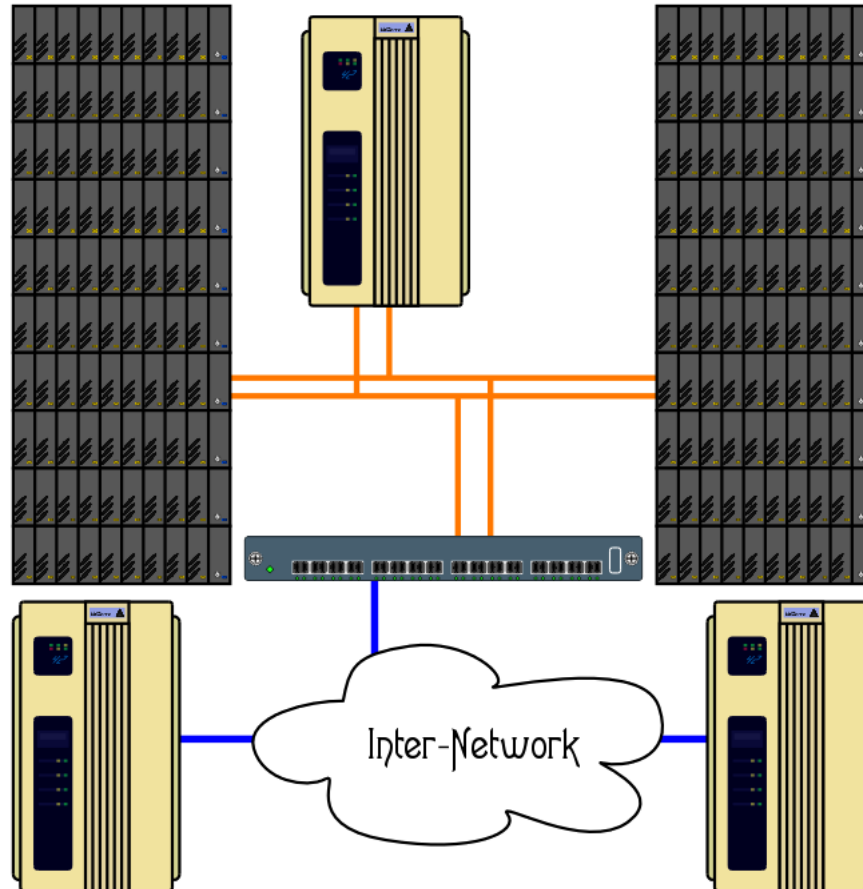
## FibreChannel SANs

- SCSI over Shared/Switched Fiber
- Longer Distances
- 1, 2, 4, and soon 10 Mbps Speeds
- Redundancy

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# SAN



## iSCSI SANs

- Leverage the IP Network
- Coexist with FibreChannel
- Run on Commodity Network Hardware

# SAN vs. NAS

## SAN

- 🔑 Block Storage
- 🔑 One-to-One Relationship
- 🔑 Data-center Oriented
- 🔑 Space is Not Shared



## NAS

- 🏠 File System Storage
- 🏠 One-to-Many Relationship
- 🏠 End-User Oriented
- 🏠 Space Can Be Shared



# The End



Slides available at: <http://ubiqx.org/presentations/>

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